



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

124. Proposed by F. P. MATZ, Sc. D., Ph. D., Professor of Mathematics and Astronomy in Defiance College, Defiance, O.

Find the average area of a spherical polygon of $n=6$ sides.

MISCELLANEOUS.

125. Proposed by J. W. YOUNG, Graduate Student, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y.

Prove that the general value of θ , which satisfies the equation

$$(\cos\theta + i\sin\theta)(\cos2\theta + i\sin2\theta)\dots\text{to } n \text{ factors} = 1 \text{ is } \frac{4m\pi}{n(n+1)};$$

where m is any integer ($i=\sqrt{-1}$).

125. Proposed by F. P. MATZ, Sc. D., Ph. D., Professor of Mathematics and Astronomy in Defiance College, Defiance, O.

Assume $m=nt+\varepsilon-\omega$, thus giving $v=m+e\sin v$ as the relation connecting the mean and eccentric anomalies, then express $x=acosv$, $y=bsinv$, and $r=a(1-ecosv)$ by a Fourier series in terms of m .

BOOKS AND PERIODICALS.

Graphs. By Robert J. Alely, A. M., Ph. D., Professor of Mathematics in the Indiana University. Pamphlet Form, 21 pages. Price, 10 cents. Boston and Chicago: D. C. Heath & Co.

This is No. 6 of Heath's Mathematical Monographs issued under the general editorship of Webster Wells, S. B., Professor of Mathematics in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. In this monograph, Dr. Alely has pointed out the various uses that are being made of Graphs in almost every department of knowledge. In addition to plotting a temperature curve, four problems are solved by means of graphs, of which the first is the following: "A travels 4 miles an hour, B 6 miles an hour. If A has two hours the start, when and where will B overtake him?" Then comes the solution of Linear Equations in two variables, and following these, Simultaneous Quadratics, closing with the graphic representation of complex numbers.

College Algebra. By Leonard Eugene Dickson, Ph. D., Assistant Professor of Mathematics in the University of Chicago. First edition. First thousand. 8 vo. Cloth, vi+214 pages. Price, \$1.50. New York: John Wiley & Sons.

"This text," the author tells us, "is intended primarily for college and technical schools. By treating only the subjects usually given in the college course in algebra, space has been gained for more detailed exposition of the more difficult topics." The work begins with a treatment of Number in Algebra; Surds and Imaginaries. Then follows in order the subjects Exponents—Logarithms; Factor Theorem—Quadratic Equations; Simultaneous Equations—Determinants; Ratio—Proportion, Variation, the Progressions, Compound Interest and Annuities; Undetermined Coefficients, Partial Fractions; Permutation and Combination, Binomial and Multinomial Theorem; Probability, Mathematical Induction, Limits, Indeterminate Forms; Convergency and Divergency of Series; Power Series and other series, Summation of Series, the Method of Differences, Graphic Algebra,